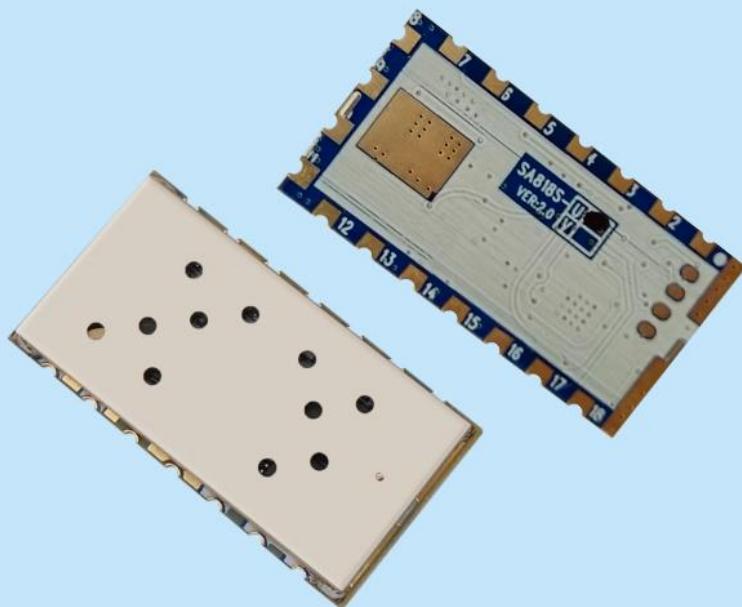


1W Embedded small size walkie talkie module

Product Specification



Catalogue

| | |
|--|--------|
| 1. Descriptions..... | - 3 - |
| 2. Features..... | - 3 - |
| 3. Application..... | - 3 - |
| 4. Internal block diagram..... | - 4 - |
| 5. Specification..... | - 4 - |
| 6. Typical Application Schematic..... | - 5 - |
| 7. Protocol..... | - 5 - |
| 8. Pin definition..... | - 10 - |
| 9. Mechanism Dimension(Unit:mm)..... | - 11 - |
| 10. Order information..... | - 11 - |
| 11. FAQ..... | - 11 - |
| Appendix 1: DEMO Board..... | - 12 - |
| Appendix 2: Mute on the interface display and send correspondence table..... | - 13 - |
| Appendix 3: Analog subtone comparison table..... | - 16 - |
| Appendix 4: SMD Reflow Chart..... | - 17 - |

Note: Revision History

| Revision | Date | Comment |
|----------|------------|----------------------------|
| V1.0 | 2021-07-12 | First release |
| V1.1 | 2021-8 | Update RXD Pin description |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

1. Descriptions

SA818S is a cost-effective integrated professional walkie-talkie module, built-in high-speed microcontroller, high-performance RF transceiver chip and RF power amplifier, and provides a standard serial port to communicate with the module, so that the relevant parameters of the module and the transceiver can be set quickly and easily. Function to control. Users only need to connect an audio amplifier, microphone, and speaker to this module to work as a small walkie-talkie. The simplified interface and ultra-small size enable this module to be widely used, and it can also be easily and quickly embedded in various handheld devices to improve the overall performance of the terminal product. SA818S strictly uses lead-free technology for production and testing, and meets RoHS and Reach standards.

The SA818S walkie-talkie module adds an LNA circuit on the basis of SA818, and the sensitivity is increased by 4dBm. For the entire frequency range of 400-470MHz, the power output fluctuation is less than 1dB, and the low power can achieve an error of 27dBm+/-1dBm from 400-470MHz. Note: The software and hardware interfaces are the same as before and are compatible with each other.

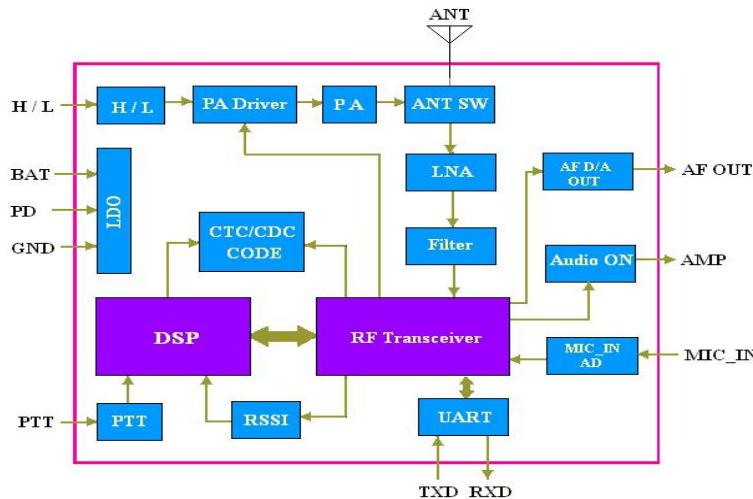
2. Features

- UHF band frequency: 400~480 MHz
- VHF band frequency: 134~174 MHz
- 350 band frequency: 320-400MHz
(3 frequency bands are optional)
- Tx and Rx frequency, Tx and Rx CTCSS, CDCSS can be set alone.
- Band width 12.5KHz / 25 KHz
- Output power up to 1W
- Distance up to 4-5km in open area
- Sensitivity: -124 dBm
- 38 CTCSS
- 166 CDCSS
- 8 level squelch
- 8 adjustable volume
- High/ low power is optional (500mW/1W)
- Wide range of working voltage:3.3-5.5 V
- High-integrated, Small Size
- 1 ppm KDS TCXO crystal, Stable performance

3. Application

- small walkie talkie
- Invisible intercom system
- audio surveillance system
- Outdoor Sport products
- building community security system

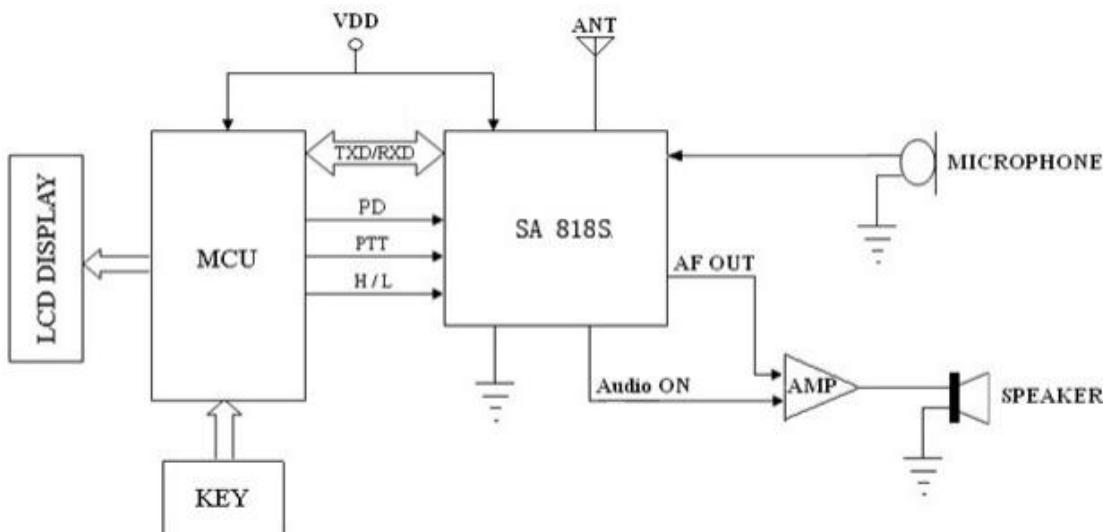
4. Internal block diagram



5. Specification

| Parameter | Test condition | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|--------|------|------|
| Power supply | | 3.3 | 4.2 | 5.5 | V |
| Working Temperature range | | -30 | 25 | 70 | °C |
| Current Consumption | | | | | |
| Sleep current | | | ≤1 | | uA |
| RX current | | | 60 | | mA |
| TX current (High power) | | | 650 | 750 | mA |
| TX current (low power) | | | 450 | 550 | mA |
| Transmitting RF Parameters | | | | | |
| Frequency range | UHF | 400 | | 480 | MHz |
| Frequency range | VHF | 134 | | 174 | MHz |
| Out power (high power) | @VCC=4.0V | 28 | 29.5 | 31 | dBm |
| Out power (low power) | | 25 | 26.5 | 27 | dBm |
| Modulation frequency | @1.5KHz/2.5KHz frequency deviation | | 10 | | mV |
| Audio modulation distortion | @1.5KHz/2.5KHz frequency deviation | | 2 | 5 | % |
| SignaltoNoiseRatio | @1.5KHz/2.5KHz frequency deviation | 38 | 40 | 45 | dB |
| adjacent-channel power | @12.5K offset | | -60dBc | | dBm |
| CTCSS Modulation frequency | | 0.35 | 0.5 | 0.75 | KHz |
| Receiving RF Parameters | | | | | |
| Receiving sensitivity | | | -124 | | dBm |
| Receiving SNR | @1.5KHz frequency deviation | 45 | 50 | | dB |
| Audio output amplitude | | | 700 | | mV |
| Audio Output impedance | | | 200 | | OHm |

6. Typical Application Schematic



7. Protocol

The module provides a good user interface (standard serial port), users can send commands through the serial port to adjust and read the module's parameters. The memory is integrated inside the module, and the related parameters of the configuration can be stored when the power is off.

➤ **Command sending format:**

All commands begin with "AT" and end with <CR><LF>.

After the module is running, the standard settings of the communication serial port are:

Rate: 9600 bps Data bit: 8 bit Stop bit: 1 bit Parity bit: none

➤ **Command return format:**

Returns the character string related to the sending command, all ending with <CR><LF>.

➤ **Frame format definition:**

All commands in the communication protocol are transmitted in ASCII code.

The terminal-to-module communication adopts the form: AT+DMOXXX

The module adopts the form of terminal communication: +DMOXXX (Note: the terminal does not need to return)

Instructions

➤ **AT+DMOCONNECT handshake command**

Description: The handshake command is intended to prove that the module is connected and operating normally. Each time the terminal is sent, the module will respond after receiving this

command.

Multiple response command; if the module does not respond to the 3-way handshake command, the terminal should restart the module.

Format: AT+DMOCONNECT

Example: AT+DMOCONNECT

➤ **+DMOCONNECT handshake response command**

Description: Module handshake response command, the module must respond immediately after receiving the DMOCONNECT command.

Format: +DMOCONNECT:0

Example: +DMOCONNECT:0

Parameter description: 0 —> Normal working state

➤ **S+ sweep command**

Description: Set the frequency to be scanned.

Format: S+scanRF

Example: S+455.2250

Parameter Description:

scanRF: the frequency to be scanned

➤ **S=Sweep frequency response command**

Description: Sweep response command, the module will go to sweep after receiving the sweep command, and return the sweep result after sweeping the frequency

Format: S=X

Parameter X description: 0—>the frequency to be swept has a signal 1—>the frequency to be swept has no signal

➤ **AT+DMOSETGROUP set group command**

Description: Set the working parameters of the module.

Format: AT+DMOSETGROUP=GBW, TFV, RFV, Tx_CXCSS, SQ, Rx_CXCSS

Example 1: AT+DMOSETGROUP=0,415.1250,415.1250,0012,4,0013

Example 2: AT+DMOSETGROUP=0,415.1250,415.1250,754N,4,445I

Parameter Description:

GBW: bandwidth setting (0: 12.5K 1: 25K)

TFV: Transmit frequency value (134.0000M~174.0000M, 400.0000M~480.0000M)

RFV: Receiving frequency value (134.0000M~174.0000M, 400.0000M~480.0000M)

(Note: The transmitting frequency and receiving frequency can be the same or different, but the set frequency must be 12.5K and 25K.

Integer multiples)

Tx_CXCSS: Transmit CXCSS value

SQ: Squelch level (0~8) (0: monitor mode, scan mode cannot be used 0)

Rx_CXCSS: Receive CXCSS value

(Note: different CXCSS values can be used for transmitting and receiving, 0000: no coding
0001-0038: CTCSS

Followed by letters: CDCSS, coding see appendix 1)

➤ +DMOSETGROUP Set group response command

Description: After the module receives the setting group command, it returns the operation result

Format: +DMOSETGROUP:X

Example: +DMOSETGROUP:0

Parameter X description: 0 —> success, 1 —> data setting out of range

➤ AT+DMOSETVOLUME set volume command

Description: Set the volume level of the module

Format: AT+DMOSETVOLUME=X

Example: AT+DMOSETVOLUME=1

Parameter X Description: The value of the volume level parameter is 1~8

➤ +DMOSETVOLUME volume setting response command

Description: Set the volume level of the module and answer the result

Format: +DMOSETVOLUME:X

Example: +DMOSETVOLUME:0

Parameter X description: 0—>setting successful 1—>setting failed

➤ AT+RSSI read signal strength command

Description: Read the signal strength of the module

Format: AT+RSSI? Example: AT+RSSI?

➤ **RSSI=XXX Read signal strength response command**

Description: Read the signal strength result response of the module

Format: RSSI:XXX

Example: RSSO:010

Parameter X description: the current signal strength value, the larger the value, the stronger the signal strength

➤ **AT+SETFILTER Set filter command**

Description: Set the filter of the module

Format: AT+SETFILTER=PRE/DE-EMPH,HIGHPASS,LOWPASS

Example: AT+SETFILTER=0,0,0

Parameter description: PRE/DE-EMPH, 0 means pre-emphasis/de-emphasis is on, 1 means pre-emphasis/de-emphasis is off;

HIGHPASS, 0 means the high-pass filter is turned on, 1 means the high-pass filter is turned off;

LOWPASS, 0 means the low-pass filter is turned on, and 1 means the low-pass filter is turned off;

➤ **+DMOSETFILTER filter setting response command**

Description: Set the filter result response of the module

Format: +DMOSETFILTER:X

Example: +DMOSETFILTER:0

Description of parameter X: 0—>setting successful 1—>setting failed

➤ **AT+SETTAIL Set tail command**

Description: Turn on/off the emission tail tone of the module

Format: AT+SETTAIL=X

Example: AT+SETFILTER=0

Parameter description: X, 0 means turn off the tail tone, 1 means turn on the tail tone;

➤ **+DMOSETTAIL End tone setting response command**

Description: Set the end tone result response of the module

Format: +DMOSETTAIL:X

Example: +DMOSETTAIL:0

Description of parameter X: 0—>setting successful 1—>setting failed

➤ **+DMOSETGROUP Read group command**

Description: Read the working parameters of the module AT+DMOREADGROUP

Format: AT+DMOREADGROUP

Example: AT+DMOREADGROUP

➤ **+DMOREADGROUP Read group response command**

Description: Read group command response

Format: +DMOREADGROUP=GBW, TFV, RFV, Tx_CXCSS, SQ, Rx_CXCSS

Example 1: +DMOREADGROUP:0,433.5000,433.5000,0000,1,0000

Parameter Description:

GBW: bandwidth setting (0: 12.5K 1: 25K)

TFV: Transmit frequency value (134.0000M~174.0000M, 400.0000M~480.0000M)

RFV: Receiving frequency value (134.0000M~174.0000M, 400.0000M~480.0000M)

Tx_CXCSS: Transmit CXCSS value

SQ: Squelch level (0~8) (0: monitor mode, scan mode cannot be used 0)

Rx_CXCSS: Receive CXCSS value

(Note: different CXCSS values can be used for transmitting and receiving, 0000: no coding

0001-0038: CTCSS

Followed by letters: CDCSS, coding see appendix 1)

➤ **AT+VERSION read version number command**

Description: Read the software version number of the module

Format: AT+VERSION

Example: AT+VERSION

➤ **+VERSION Read version number response command**

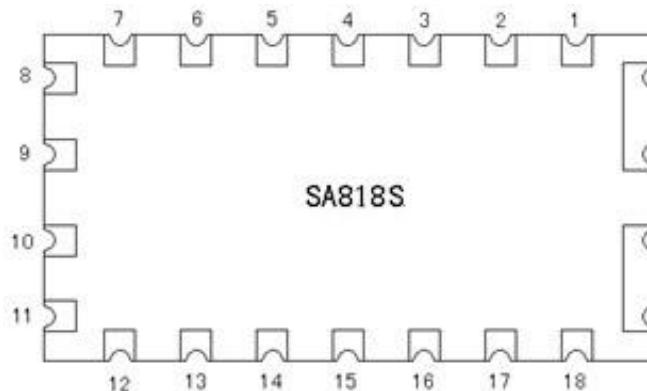
Description: Read version number response command

Format: +VERSION:X

Example: +VERSION:SA818_V5.0

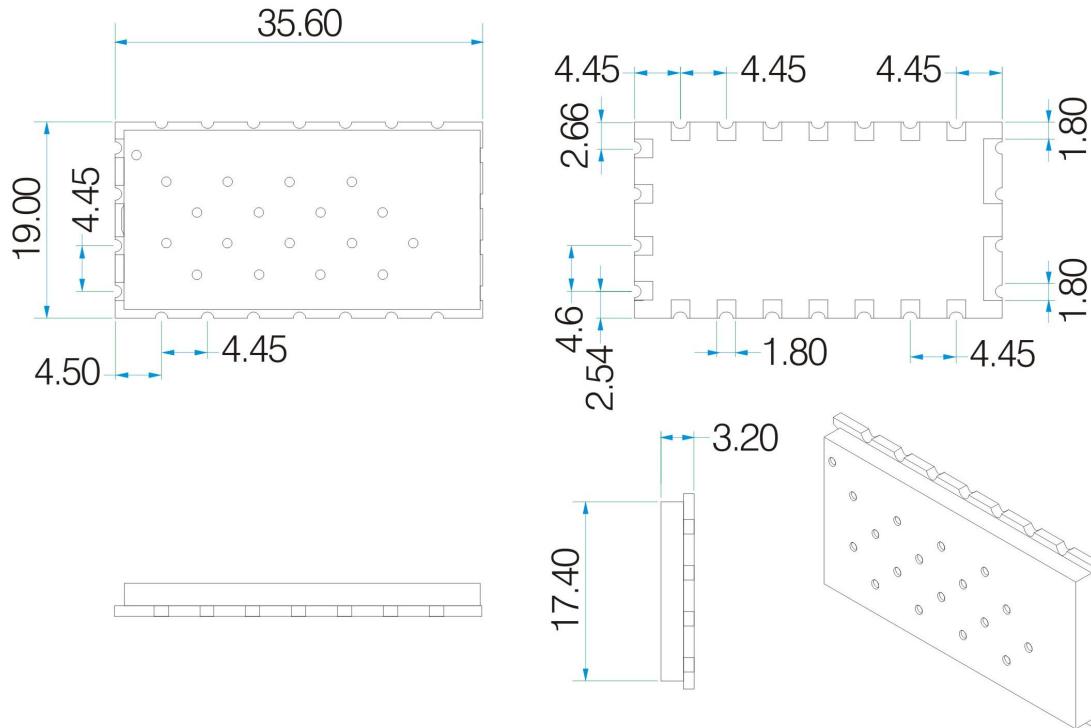
Parameter description: X —> module software version number

8. Pin definition



| Pin NO. | Pin name | I/O state |
|----------|----------|---|
| 1 | Audio ON | Connected to audio power amplifier. When the module worked, it can control the extra audio amplifier automatically, it will output low level to turn on the amplifier and high level to turn off the amplifier. |
| 2 | NC | Not connected |
| 3 | AF_OUT | Audio output |
| 4 | NC | Not connected |
| 5 | PTT | Module Input, Transmitting/receiving control, "0" force the module to enter TX state; and "1" to Rx state |
| 6 | PD | Power Down control, "0" for power down mode; "1" for the normal work |
| 7 | H/L | high/low output power control; Leave open for high output power , low level to low output power. (Please kindly note: this pin can NOT be connected to VDD or high level of cmos output) |
| 8 | VBAT | Connect power positive |
| 9 | GND | Grounding |
| 10 | GND | Grounding |
| 11 | NC | Not connected |
| 12 | ANT | connect 50 ohm antenna |
| 13,14,15 | NC | Not connected |
| 16 | RXD | RXD of the module and connect to external TXD <i>*Before enter sleep mode, user need to pull low RXD Pin to prevent current leakage or poor reset in the next time.</i> |
| 17 | TXD | TXD of the module and connect to external RXD |
| 18 | MIC_IN | Microphone or line in |

9. Mechanism Dimension(Unit:mm)



10. Order information

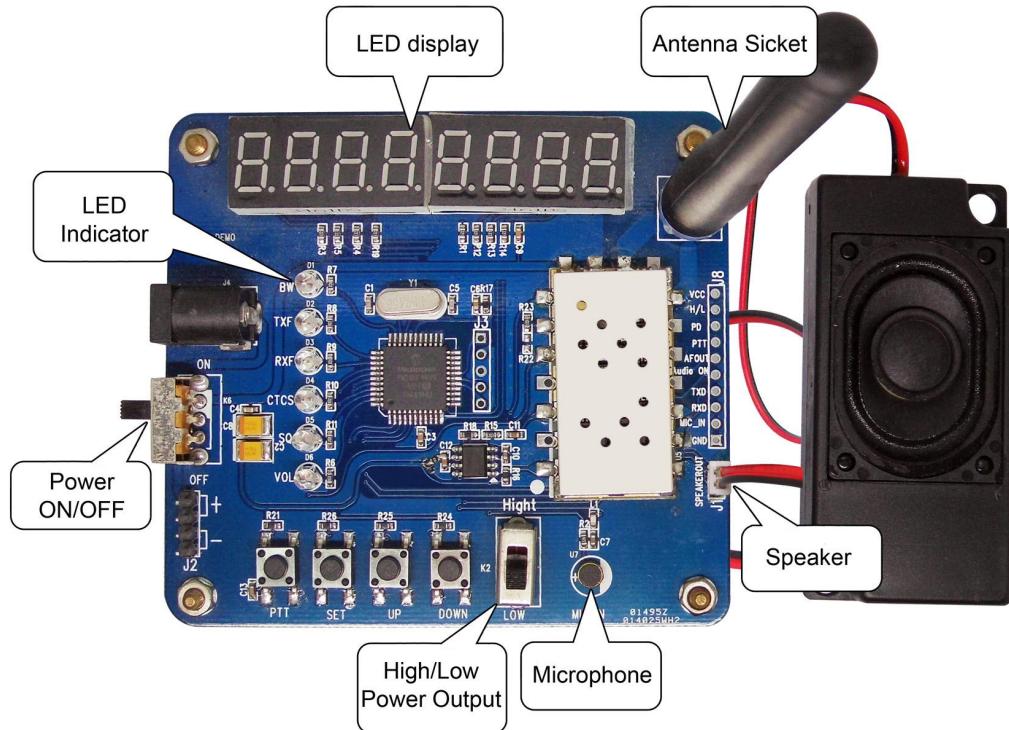
| Product Name | Description |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| SA818S-U | Working frequency :400~480 MHz |
| SA818S-V | Working frequency: 134~174 MHz |

11. FAQ

- a) Why module can not communicate properly?
 - 1) Check if there is power connection error;
 - 2) Check if Module is in normal communication mode;
 - 3) Check if frequency, channel, and mute are same;
 - 4) Check if module is damaged;
- b) Why transmission distance is not far as it should be?
 - 1) Power supply ripple is too large;
 - 2) The antenna types do not match, or not installed properly;
 - 3) The same frequency interference;
 - 4) The surrounding environment is harsh, strong interference sources.

Appendix 1: DEMO Board

In addition, we provided DEMO Board for customers to debug the software program, test all the function and measure the distance. The figure shows as below:



User can set related parameters through the buttons:

- 1) Tx frequency: 400 ~ 480 MHz
- 2) Rx frequency: 400 ~ 480 MHz
- 3) Channel Bandwidth: 12.5 KHz / 25KHz
- 4) CTCSS: 0 ~ 38
- 5) CDCSS: 0—166
- 6) Squelch: 0 ~ 8
- 7) Volume: 1 ~ 8

➤ Button Operation:

- 1) SET button

Press to enter setting mode.

- 2) UP /Down button

In setting mode, press to increase/decrease the setting item.

3) PTT button

If Not in setting mode, Press to talk,(Listen state when released)

4) High/Low slide switch

Switch to high/low output power

Note: With data FLASH inside, all the setting parameters are saved and keep unchanged even power off.

Appendix 2: Mute on the interface display and send correspondence table

★ Note: N code is inverted corresponding to I code, such as 023N code is 023I code is inverted: 023N=~023I=0011011111000111001000

| Code | Transform Bit Pattern | Hex Bit Pattern |
|------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 023I | 11001000000111000110111 | 640E37 |
| 025I | 10101000000111101101011 | 540F6B |
| 026I | 01101000000110111010011 | 340DD3 |
| 031I | 1001100000011111000101 | 4C0FC5 |
| 032I | 01011000000110101111101 | 2C0D7D |
| 043I | 11000100000101101101101 | 620B6D |
| 047I | 11100100000110111111000 | 720DF8 |
| 051I | 10010100000101010011111 | 4A0A9F |
| 054I | 00110100000100101111011 | 1A097B |
| 065I | 10101100000110001011101 | 560C5D |
| 071I | 10011100000110011110011 | 4E0CF3 |
| 072I | 01011100000111001001011 | 2E0E4B |
| 073I | 11011100000101100111010 | 6E0B3A |
| 074I | 00111100000111100010111 | 1E0F17 |

| | | |
|------|-------------------------|--------|
| 114I | 00110010000101111010110 | 190BD6 |
| 115I | 10110010000111010100111 | 590EA7 |
| 116I | 01110010000110000011111 | 390C1F |
| 125I | 10101010000111011110000 | 550EF0 |
| 131I | 10011010000111001011110 | 4D0E5E |
| 132I | 01011010000110011100110 | 2D0CE6 |
| 134I | 00111010000110110111010 | 1D0DBA |
| 143I | 11000110000101011110110 | 630AF6 |
| 152I | 01010110000100110111100 | 2B09BC |
| 155I | 10110110000110110010001 | 5B0D91 |
| 156I | 01110110000111100101001 | 3B0F29 |
| 162I | 01001110000100111101011 | 2709EB |
| 165I | 10101110000110111000110 | 570DC6 |
| 172I | 01011110000111111010000 | 2F0FD0 |
| 174I | 00111110000111010001100 | 1F0E8C |
| 205I | 10100001000110010111011 | 508CBB |
| 223I | 11001001000101110001011 | 648B8B |
| 226I | 01101001000100001101111 | 34886F |
| 243I | 11000101000111011010001 | 628ED1 |
| 244I | 00100101000101011111100 | 128AFC |
| 245I | 10100101000111110001101 | 528F8D |
| 251I | 10010101000111100100011 | 4A8F23 |
| 261I | 10001101000111101110100 | 468F74 |
| 263I | 11001101000100010111101 | 6688BD |
| 265I | 10101101000100111100001 | 5689E1 |
| 271I | 10011101000100101001111 | 4E894F |
| 306I | 01100011000111110011000 | 318F98 |
| 311I | 10010011000110110001110 | 498D8E |
| 315I | 10110011000101100011011 | 598B1B |

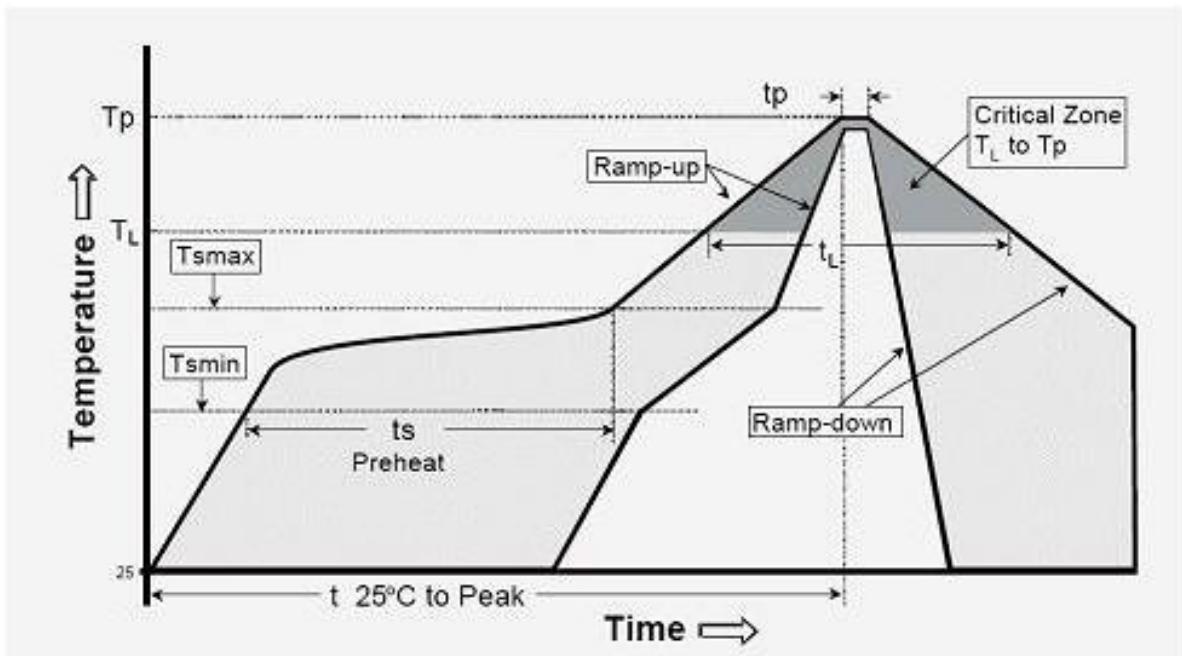
| | | |
|------|-------------------------|--------|
| 331I | 1001101100010111100010 | 4D8BE2 |
| 343I | 1100011100011101001010 | 638F4A |
| 346I | 01100111000110010101110 | 338CAE |
| 351I | 10010111000111010111000 | 4B8EB8 |
| 364I | 00101111000110100001011 | 178D0B |
| 365I | 10101111000100001111010 | 57887A |
| 371I | 10011111000100011010100 | 4F88D4 |
| 411I | 10010000100101101110111 | 484B77 |
| 412I | 01010000100100111001111 | 2849CF |
| 413I | 11010000100110010111110 | 684CBE |
| 423I | 11001000100110011101001 | 644CE9 |
| 431I | 10011000100110100011011 | 4C4D1B |
| 432I | 0101100010011110100011 | 2C4FA3 |
| 445I | 10100100100100011101111 | 5248EF |
| 464I | 0010110010010111110010 | 164BF2 |
| 465I | 10101100100111010000011 | 564E83 |
| 466I | 01101100100110000111011 | 364C3B |
| 503I | 11000010100101100011110 | 614B1E |
| 506I | 01100010100100011111010 | 3148FA |
| 516I | 01110010100111011000001 | 394EC1 |
| 532I | 01011010100111000111000 | 2D4E38 |
| 546I | 01100110100101111001100 | 334BCC |
| 565I | 10101110100111100011000 | 574F18 |
| 606I | 01100001100110011011101 | 30CCDD |
| 612I | 01010001100110001110011 | 28CC73 |
| 624I | 00101001100110101111000 | 14CD78 |
| 627I | 11101001100111111000000 | 74CFC0 |
| 631I | 10011001100100010100111 | 4CC8A7 |
| 632I | 01011001100101000011111 | 2CCA1F |

| | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|--------|
| 654I | 00110101100111000011001 | 1ACE19 |
| 662I | 01001101100111100010010 | 26CF12 |
| 664I | 00101101100111001001110 | 16CE4E |
| 703I | 11000011100111010100010 | 61CEA2 |
| 712I | 01010011100110111101000 | 29CDE8 |
| 723I | 11001011100100011001110 | 65C8CE |
| 731I | 10011011100100100111100 | 4DC93C |
| 732I | 01011011100101110000100 | 2DCB84 |
| 734I | 00111011100101011011000 | 1DCAD8 |
| 743I | 11000111100110110010100 | 63CD94 |
| 754I | 00110111100111110000010 | 1BCF82 |

Appendix 3: Analog subtone comparison table

| Subtone coding | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Sub-audio frequency | 67 | 71.9 | 74.4 | 77 | 79.7 | 82.5 | 85.4 | 88.5 | 91.5 | 94.8 |
| Subtone coding | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| Sub-audio frequency | 97.4 | 100 | 103.5 | 107.2 | 110.9 | 114.8 | 118.8 | 123 | 127.3 | 131.8 |
| Subtone coding | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| Sub-audio frequency | 136.5 | 141.3 | 146.2 | 151.4 | 156.7 | 162.2 | 167.9 | 173.8 | 179.9 | 186.2 |
| Subtone coding | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | | |
| Sub-audio frequency | 192.8 | 203.5 | 210.7 | 218.1 | 225.7 | 233.6 | 241.8 | 250.3 | | |

Appendix 4: SMD Reflow Chart



| | |
|---|--|
| IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020B the condition for lead-free reflow soldering | big size components (thickness $\geq 2.5\text{mm}$) |
| The ramp-up rate (T_L to T_p) | 3°C/s (max.) |
| preheat temperature | |
| - Temperature minimum (T_{smin}) | 150°C |
| - Temperature maximum (T_{smax}) | 200°C |
| - preheat time (t_s) | 60~180s |
| Average ramp-up rate(T_{smax} to T_p) | 3°C/s (Max.) |
| - Liquidous temperature(T_L) | 217°C |
| - Time at liquidous(t_L) | 60~150 second |
| peak temperature(T_p) | 245 \pm 5°C |